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How Start-Ups Raise Money



Entity Structure

- Typically, a start-up is organized as a limited liability company or incorporated as an S corporation
- Corporate housekeeping is essential for both
 - To ensure founders are clear on structure details
 - Ownership
 - Governance
 - To withstand investor due diligence
- S corporation limitations relevant to raising money
 - No foreign stockholders
 - No more than 100 stockholders
 - No entity stockholders
 - One class of stock (although voting and nonvoting common stock are permissible)
- Wise to limit transferability
 - S corporation: Stockholders' Agreement
 - Limited liability company: Operating Agreement



Financing (Corporation)

- Seed Stage (up to \$1,000,000): “Friends and Family”
 - Debt (avoids valuation exercise)
 - Business Plan
 - Investor Qualification Questionnaire
 - Subscription Agreement / Note Purchase Agreement
 - Promissory Note
 - Convertible Debt (defers valuation exercise)
 - Business Plan
 - Investor Qualification Questionnaire
 - Subscription Agreement / Note Purchase Agreement
 - Promissory Note



Financing (Corporation)

- Seed Stage (cont)
 - Common Stock
 - Typically, seed investors get $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{3}$ of equity (dilutable), meaning valuation range of \$500,000 - \$3,000,000
 - Advisable to arrange for a Voting Trust if more than 10 investors
 - Documents
 - Business plan / private placement memo
 - IQQ
 - Subscription Agreement
 - Occasionally, representative of seed stage investors gets a board seat – often one of three



Financing (Corporation)

- Series A Preferred Stock Round
 - Investors can be
 - Venture capital company
 - Angel funds
 - Individual angels
 - Funding size range: \$250,000 - \$10,000,000
 - Valuation range: \$2,000,000 - \$25,000,000
 - Triggers conversion of convertible debt, often at 10% - 15% discount
 - Documents:
 - Charter amendment
 - Stock Purchase Agreement
 - Investor Rights Agreement
 - Voting Agreement
 - Investors get a board seat (second of five)



Financing (Corporation)

- Bridge Loans
 - Overused expression
 - Properly used to describe a short term loan advanced to bridge the gap between an early preferred stock round of financing (Series A or Series B) and a mezzanine round of financing
 - Lender can be individual angel, angel fund or bank, such as Square 1 Bank
 - Often secured by blanket lien on all assets
 - Often less than one year term, ballooning as to principal and interest
 - Interest range: prime plus 2-6
 - Warrants often attached
 - Senior obligation, requiring existing lenders to subordinate
 - Non-bank lenders often get a board seat; bank lender often gets board observation right



Practical Considerations

- Should be covered in the Business Plan text or the appendix
 - Management team is the key
 - Education
 - Work experience
 - Level of personal commitment
 - Support from third parties
 - Purchase commitments
 - Testimonials
 - Definition of the market and the strategy for grabbing market share
 - Credibility essential in definition
 - Leave no rock unturned
 - How long until cash flow/ what more is needed to get there
 - Set out range of expectations



Practical Considerations

- Will acquired assets/ developed assets be bankable?
- Strength of acquired/ developed intellectual property
- Suggestions for financing milestones: “tranches”
- It’s “Who You Know!”



Exit

- IPO market viable
- Reverse mergers popular
- Acquisitions and mergers still most common exit
- Redemption remains last place option

